



ELISA TEST | In vitro analysis

for the quantitative determination of Deoxynivalenol in grains, cereals and animal feed

ProGnosis Biotech S.A. is ISO 9001:2015 certified by TÜV Hellas (TÜV NORD).

<u>Use only the current version of Product Data</u> Sheet enclosed with the kit.

Bio-Shield DON, B2648/B2696, is an immunoassay method that determines the Deoxynivalenol, in grains, cereals and other commodities including animal feed. The ELISA kit contains all reagents required for the immunoassay method. The ELISA test is adequate for 48/96 definitions (standards are included). A spectrophotometer for microtiter ELISA plate is required.

Matrices:

Cereals: Alfalfa, Barley, Biscuits, Bran sticks, Bread, Brown rice, Corn, Corn flakes, Corn flour, Corn germ, Corn gluten, Corn gluten meal, Cottonseed, DDGS, Nachos, Oat bran, Oat flakes, Oats, Pasta, Popcorn, Raw rye, Rice, Rye flour, Silage, Sorghum, Soy beans, Soy flour, Wheat, Wheat bran, Wheat Flour

Other: Coconut residue, Milk

- <u>Sample preparation:</u> extraction
- <u>Test time (incubation time after samples and reagents preparation): 20min</u>
- Standard curve range: 0 5ppm
- Shelf life: 12 months
- Storage: 2-8°C

This is an electronic version, please verify always the last one included in the kit.

Specification

- . The LOD of the method is 0.05 ppm DON.
- . The LOQ of the method is 0.10 ppm DON
- The recovery of spiked extractions-matrices was 96.1% (CV = 7.9%).
- IC50 = 0.4 1.3 ppm
- Each standards duplicates mean CV ≤ 6%.
- The cross-reaction of the anti-DON antibody with 15-acetyl-DON, DON and 3-acetyl-DON is >100, 100, <0.1% respectively.

1. Description

Bio-Shield DON is an ELISA test for the detection of Deoxynivalenol in grains, cereals and animal

2. General Information

Deoxynivalenol (DON), also known as vomitoxin, is a member of the trichothecene mycotoxins produced by fungi of the Fusarium genus (*F. graminearum*). Grains including barley, wheat, oats, corn and maize are frequently infected by this fungus. Deoxynivalenol, along with 3-acetyl-and 15-acetyl-DON, constitutes a highly toxic molecule and it is considered to play a crucial role in immunological and nervous system problems. Due to their cytotoxicity, these toxins will always be a risk to human and animal health. Most controlling government agencies worldwide have regulations regarding the amount of DON allowable in human and animal foodsuffs. Accurate and rapid determination of DON presence in commodities is of paramount importance.

3. Principle of the Method

The quantitative test is based on the enzyme linked immunosorbent assay principles. The wells of the microtiter strips are coated with DON specific antibodies. Toxins are extracted from a ground sample with distilled or deionized water. Deoxynivalenol standards or samples and DON-HRP conjugate (detection solution) are added into the coated wells. DON-HRP conjugate binds to the binding sites of coated antibodies that are not already occupied by DON of standards or samples. Any unbound DON-HRP conjugate of detection solution is removed in a washing step. A chromogen substrate is added to the wells resulting in the progressive development of a blue colored complex with the detection antibody. The color development is then stopped by the addition of acid turning the resultant final product yellow. The measurement is made photometrically at 450 nm and the intensity of the produced colored complex is indirectly proportional to the concentration of DON present in the samples and standards.

4. Reagents Provided

Bio-Shield DON ELISA kit contains sufficient reagents and materials for 48/96 measurements (including standard tests).

Reagents (Store at 2-8°C)	Quantity for 48 wells	Quantity for 96 wells	State	Vial cap color
Single-Break Strip Plate	48 wells	96 wells	Ready to use (precoated)	-
Dilution Microwells	48 wells	96 wells	Ready to use (green color)	-
Sealing film	2 sheets	2 sheets	Ready to use	-
Standards 1-5 (0, 5, 20, 80 and 200ppb of DON in deionized water) (correspond to 0, 0.125, 0.5, 2 and 5ppm)	5 plastic vials (each 1.5ml)	5 plastic vials (each 1.5ml)	Ready to use	Brown
DON Detection Solution	1 plastic vial (12ml)	2 plastic vials (each 12ml)	Ready to use	Green
Wash Buffer	1 plastic vial (50ml)	1 plastic vial (50ml)	20X Concentrate (dilute in distilled water)	White
TMB Substrate	1 plastic vial (6ml)	1 plastic vial (12ml)	Ready to use	Brown
Stop Solution	1 plastic vial (6ml)	1 plastic vial (12ml)	Ready to use	White

5. Materials required but not provided

- A grinder sufficient to render sample to particle size of fine instant coffee
- Balance with 0 50 g measuring capability and Graduated cylinder 100 mL
- · Distilled or deionized water
- Filter Paper Whatman #1 or equivalent, Filter Funnel and Miscellaneous laboratory plastic or glass tubes 50 - 125 mL

- Vortex mixer and Microtiter plate reader fi ted with 450 nm filter
- 100, 200 and 1000 μL adjustable single channel micropipettes with disposable tips (a repetitive pipette of 100μL is acceptable for the steps of TMB and Stop Solution)
- 50 300 µL multi-channel micropipette with disposable tips and reservoirs

6. Storage Instructions

Store kit reagents between 2 and 8°C (35 - 46°F). Do not freeze any components provided. Reseal immediately the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together with the desiccant bag provided and store at 2 - 8°C. After use remaining reagents should be returned to cold storage (2 - 8°C). Expiry of the kit and reagents is stated on the labels respectively and no quality guarantee is accepted after the expiration date. The expiry of the kit components can only be guaranteed if the components are stored properly as well as if the reagent is not contaminated by the first handling, in case of repeated use of one component. Because of the colorless TMB Substrate and standards 1-7 light sensitivity, avoid the exposure to direct light. Do not interchange individual reagents between kits of different lot numbers.

7. Safety and Precautions for use

- Avoid any skin contact with DON standards, Stop Solution (8% H₃PO₄) and TMB (toxic). Use gloves. In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.
- All reagents should be warmed in room temperature before use and covered when not in use. Use
 a clean disposable plastic pipette tip for each reagent, in order to avoid cross contamination. When pipetting reagents, maintain a consistent order of addition from well-to-well.
 This will ensure equal incubation times for all wells.
- Use a clean plastic container to prepare the wash buffer and all residual washing liquid must be
 drained from the wells by efficient aspiration or by decantation followed by tapping the plate
 forcefully on absorbent paper. Never insert absorbent paper into the well. Read the absorbance
 within 60 minutes after completion of the assay.

8. Indication of corruption of kit reagents

- . The bluish coloration of the chromogen substrate before the ELISA test
- A value of less than 0.7 absorbance units (ABS 450nm) for the Standard 1 (St1).

9. Sample and reagents preparation

9.1 Reagents preparation

Dilute the 20X solution concentrate 20 fold with distilled water to give a 1X working solution.

Preparation of Wash Buffer 1X: In case of the occurrence of crystals in the Wash Buffer, the warming by gentle dismantling (using hands) of the crystals is needed. Pour entire content of the solution concentrate (50ml) into a clean 1000ml graduated cylinder, rinse the vial with distilled or deionized water and pour the content again into the cylinder and fill to a final volume of 1000ml with distilled or deionized water. Mix gently to avoid foaming, transferring the final solution from cylinder to a clean bottle and back two times. The clean bottle with 1X Wash Buffer working solution can be left out of the refrigerator during the method procedure and subsequent be stored 2 - 8°C for one month.

9.2 Samples preparation

9.2.1 Ground samples

- The sample must be collected according to established sampling techniques. Grind a representative sample to the particle size of fine instant coffee (50% passes through a 20 mesh screen).
- 2. Weigh out a 20 g ground portion of the sample and add 100 mL of the deionized water and mix in a blender for a minimum of 2 minutes.
- Allow the particulate matter to settle, filter 5 10 mL of the extract through a Whatman #1 filter
 paper (or equivalent), collect the filtrate and dilute 5 times with deionized water (example: 1 mL
 filtrate + 4 mL deionized water). The ratio of sample to water is 1:25 (w/v).
- 4. Use 100 μL of each final diluted filtrate directly in the immunoassay.

NOTE 1: The extracted sample should have pH value of 6.2 - 7.5. If the pH is less than 6.2, it should be neutralized using NaOH.

NOTE 2: In case the user make an additional dilution 1:1 of filtrate with deionized water the range of quantification becomes 0 - 10ppm. So, use also 100µl of each diluted filtrate directly in the immuno-assay and multiply the final DON ppm result x 2.

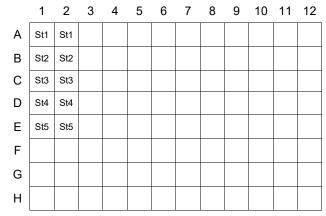
9.2.2 Milk Samples

After centrifugation at 3000xg at 4°C for 10 min, remove the upper fat layer, dilute the defatted milk sample 5 times with deionized water (1ml of milk + 4ml of deionized water) and vortex. Use 100µl of each diluted milk sample directly in the immunoassay and divide the final DON ppm result by 5. The LOD is 0.01ppm and the LOQ is 0.02ppm.

10. Method Procedure

10.1 Assay Design: Determine the number of microwell strips required to test the desired number of samples plus appropriate number of wells needed for standards. Considering that each sample and standard can be tested in single or in duplicate, create a layout. NOTE: Do not use more than 48 wells (six strips) in each assay.

CAUTION: Use the standards positions in duplicate as the **Example plate** layout below **NECESSARY** and note positions of samples that can be set to all remaining empty wells of layout in duplicate.



Example plate layout (example for a 5 point standard curve)

10.2 Bring all reagents to room temperature (19 - 24°C) before use. Remove the standards (Standard 1-5) and place two Dilution Microwells (green) in a microwell holder for each Standard and Sample to be tested in duplicate. Place an equal number of Antibody Coated Microtiter Wells in another microwell holder. Immediately reseal the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together with the desiccant bag provided. The samples should be stored in a cool place.

10.3 Add 200µl of DON Detection Solution to each Dilution Well.

10.4 Using new pipette tip for each, add 100µl of each Standard (Standard 1 - 5) and prepared sample in duplicate (see Chapter 9) to appropriate Dilution Well containing the DON Detection Solution. Mix by priming pipetting at least 5 times.

10.5 Using a multichannel pipette, transfer 100µl of contents from each Dilution Microwell to a corresponding Antibody Coated Microtiter Well. Cover the microwells with the sealing film and incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.

40.6 Remove the sealing film and wash the plate as follows: Aspirate the liquid from each well into the sink and tap the holder of microwells upside down strongly (four times in a row) on an absorbent paper to insure the complete removal of liquid from the wells. Dispense 300µI of Wash Buffer 1X (see 10.6) into each well with wash bottle or multichannel micropipette using the proper reagent reservoir and shaking the plate manually for a few seconds. Repeat this process for another two times (total 3 times). CAUTION: It is important to not allow microwells to dry between working steps.

10.7 Aspirate the liquid as described above and add 100µl per well of TMB Substrate (pour 1ml per 8 wells in a reservoir). Cover the microwells with the sealing film, shaking the plate manually for a few seconds and incubate in the dark at room temperature for 5 minutes.

10.8 Remove the sealing film and add 100µl per well of the Stop Solution to each well (pour 1ml per 8 wells in a reservoir). Mix gently by shaking again the plate manually.

10.9 Measure the absorbance at 450nm. Read the absorbance value of each well (within 60 minutes after the step 10.8) on a spectrophotometer using 450 nm as the primary wavelength and optionally 620nm as the reference wave length (610nm to 650nm is acceptable).

VERSION N2

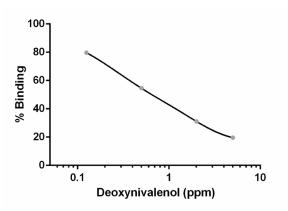
An assigned software, the Prognosis-Data-Reader, is available for free (contact: info@prognosis-biotech.com) download in order to evaluate the Bio-Shield DON ELISA kit. The evaluation is carried out by a simple transfer of data values after the measurement.

Manually

Calculate the average absorbance values for each set of duplicate standards and samples. Ideally duplicates should be within 10% of the mean. Use the following calculation:

The standard 1 is equal to 100 % and the absorbance values are quoted in percentages. The concentration of DON (ppm) in each sample is determined by extrapolating OD values against concentrations of DON in standard solutions using a two phase exponential decay standard curve with logarithmic X axis.

12. Example of Standard Curve (0 - 5ppm)



13. Performance Evaluation

13.1 Reference Materials

Several reference materials are being used for the evaluation of each product of ProGnosis Biotech S.A. in the context of Quality Control performed by Quality Control Department. Please request a validation report, including the results, at info@prognosis-biotech.com.

13.2 Proficiency Tests

All products participate frequently in Proficiency Tests. For more information, visit the individual product page in our website: www.prognosis-biotech.com

Total procedure time (after samples and reagents preparation): 20min.

Mix 200µl of the Detection Solution with 100µl of the samples and standards in the Dilution Microwells



Transfer 100µl from each well of the Dilution Microwells into the Antibody Coated Microwells



Incubate 15min at room temperature



Wash three times



Add 100 µl of TMB Substrate



Let the color develop for 5min in the dark at room temperature



Add 100 µl Stop Solution



Read Absorbance at 450 nm within 60 min

All immune assays supplied by ProGnosis Biotech S.A., are warranted to meet or exceed our published specification when used under normal conditions in your laboratory. If the product fails during the stated period, a replacement product will be issued.

ProGnosis Biotech S.A. makes no warranty of any kind, either expressed or implied, except that the materials from which its products are made are of standard quality. There is no warranty of merchantability of this product, or of the fitness of the product for any purpose. ProGnosis Biotech S.A. shall not be liable for any damages, including special or consequential damage, or expense arising directly or indirectly from the use of this product. This method is considered to be a screening method, before a legal action, samples detected as positives must be confirmed with a confirmation method. This product is meant to be used only For Research or Manufacturing use and by qualified technicians



ELISA TEST | In vitro analysis

for the quantitative determination of Deoxynivalenol in grains, cereals and animal feed

ProGnosis Biotech S.A. is ISO 9001:2015 certified by TÜV Hellas (TÜV

Use only the current version of Product Data Sheet enclosed with the kit.

Bio-Shield DON, B2648/B2696, is an immunoassay method that determines the Deoxynivalenol, in grains, cereals and other commodities including animal feed. The ELISA kit contains all reagents required for the immunoassay method. The ELISA test is adequate for 48/96 definitions (standards are included). A spectrophotometer for microtiter ELISA plate is required.

Matrices:

Cereals: Alfalfa, Barley, Biscuits, Bran sticks, Bread, Brown rice, Corn. Corn flakes, Corn flour, Corn germ, Corn gluten, Corn gluten meal, Cottonseed, DDGS, Nachos, Oat bran, Oat flakes, Oats, Pasta, Popcorn, Raw rye, Rice, Rye flour, Silage, Sorghum, Soy beans, Soy flour, Wheat, Wheat bran, Wheat Flour

Other: Coconut residue, Milk

- · Sample preparation: extraction
- Test time (incubation time after samples and reagents preparation): 20min
- Standard curve range: 0 5ppm
- Shelf life: 12 months
- Storage: 2-8°C



www.prognosis-biotech.com e: info@prognosis-biotech.com t: +30 2410 623922 f: +30 700 700 6262 Farsalon 153 | 41335 Larissa, Greece

